

SOUTH HARRISON TOWNSHIP ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT



Committed to Excellence

Course Name: Library/Media	Grade Level(s): 1
BOE Adoption Date: September 2014	Revised: September 2015; October 2017

ABSTRACT

First-grade students read or have read to them a wide representation of grade-level-appropriate text, including classic and contemporary literature, magazines, newspapers, digital and online information, and informational text. Students read poems, rhymes, songs, and stories.

First-grade students respond to questions (e.g., those that ask *who*, *what*, *when*, *where*, and *how*). Students relate prior knowledge to information and are able to identify meaning from more complex symbols and pictures in print and digital materials. First-graders learn to share information orally and creatively with other students and audiences. In first grade, students understand how to check out and care for a variety of library resources, both print and digital. They alphabetize to the first letter to locate books in the library. Students can identify the characteristics of fiction and nonfiction and can describe the roles of authors and illustrators and their contribution to print and digital materials. They can identify the front cover, back cover, and title page of a book, in both print and digital formats, and compare and contrast the differences. First-grade students are aware of the public library and can identify the services and resources available.

First-grade students recognize basic digital devices and the parts of a computer. They can demonstrate the correct procedure to turn a computer on and off and open and close applications. First-grade students know that the Internet allows a computer to be connected to the rest of the world and know to request assistance from a trusted adult when information sources make the student uncomfortable. Students also learn about the role of media to inform and entertain.

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Mission Statement

The primary goal of the South Harrison Township Elementary School District is to prepare each student with the real life skills needed to compete in a highly competitive global economy. This will be achieved by providing a comprehensive curriculum, the integration of technology, and the professional services of a competent and dedicated faculty, administration, and support staff.

Guiding this mission will be Federal mandates, including the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA), the New Jersey Student Learning Standards, and local initiatives addressing the individual needs of our students as determined by the Board of Education. The diverse resources of the school district, which includes a caring Home and School Association (HSA) and active adult community, contribute to a quality school system. They serve an integral role in supporting positive learning experiences that motivate, challenge and inspire children to learn.

Curriculum and Instruction Goals

Goal(s):

1. To ensure students are college and career ready upon graduation
2. To vertically and horizontally align curriculum K-12 to ensure successful transition of students at each grade level
3. To identify individual student strengths and weaknesses utilizing various assessment measures (formative, summative, alternative, etc.) so as to differentiate instruction while meeting the rigor of the applicable content standards
4. To improve student achievement as assessed through multiple measures including, but not limited to, state testing, local assessments, and intermediate benchmarking

Philosophy of the Shared Curriculum Service with Kingsway Regional School District

Together in its partnership with the South Harrison Township Elementary School District, the Kingsway Curriculum & Instruction Department is committed to providing all students grades K-12 with an engaging and quality curricular experience that aligns with the New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJ SLS) for mathematics and English-Language Arts as well as the New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJ SLS) for all other core disciplines. It is the goal of this shared service to provide students with curricular and educational experiences that allows them to succeed as they move on to the middle and high school level. Through this shared service, both horizontal and vertical alignment is stressed at and within each grade level with the aim of developing life-long learners who are college and career ready upon graduation from high school. Additionally, classroom instruction will be designed to meet the unique learning desires of all children and will be differentiated according to the needs of each learner. Whether through added support or enrichment activities, it is the role of the educator in the classroom to ensure students are reaching

their highest level of social, emotional, and academic growth each school year. A combination of summative, formative, and performance-based assessments will be used to assess students' understanding and acquisition of necessary concepts and skills. Group work, projects, and a variety of co-curricular activities will make mathematics more meaningful and aid in the understanding of its application across all disciplines as well as in life.

How to Read this Document

This document contains a pacing guide and curriculum units. The pacing guides serve to deliver an estimated timeframe as to when noted skills and topics will be taught. The pacing of each course, however, will differ slightly depending upon the unique needs of each class. The curriculum units contain more detailed information as to the specific skills and concepts that are introduced as well as how students will be assessed. The terms and definitions below will assist the reader in better understanding the sections and components of this curriculum document.

Terms to Know

- 1. Accommodation(s):** The term "accommodation" may be used to describe an *alteration* of environment, curriculum format, or equipment that allows an individual with a disability to gain access to content and/or complete assigned tasks. They allow students with disabilities to pursue a regular course of study. The term accommodation is often used interchangeable with the term modification. However, it is important to remember that modifications change or modify the intended learning goal while accommodations result in the same learning goal being expected but with added assistance in that achievement. Since accommodations do not alter what is being taught, instructors should be able to implement the same grading scale for students with disabilities as they do for students without disabilities.
- 2. Differentiated Instruction:** Differentiation of instruction relies on the idea that instructional approaches should be tailored to each individual student's learning needs. It provides students an array of options during the learning process that allows them make sense of ideas as it relates to them. The integration of differentiated instructional techniques is a curriculum design approach to increase flexibility in teaching and decrease the barriers that frequently limit student access to materials and learning in classrooms. <http://www.udlcenter.org/aboutudl>
- 3. Enduring Understanding:** Enduring understandings (aka big ideas) are statements of understanding that articulate deep conceptual understandings at the heart of each content area. Enduring understandings are noted in the alongside essential questions within each unit in this document. <http://www.ascd.org>
- 4. Essential Question:** These are questions whose purpose is to stimulate thought, to provoke inquiry, and to spark more questions. They extend beyond a single lesson or unit. Essential questions are noted in the beginning of each unit in this document. <http://www.ascd.org>

5. **Formative Assessment(s):** Formative assessments monitor student learning to provide ongoing feedback that can be used by (1) instructors to improve teaching and (2) by students to improve their learning. Formative assessments help identify students' strengths and weaknesses and address problems immediately.
6. **Learning Activity(s):** Learning activities are those activities that take place in the classroom for which the teacher facilitates and the students participate in to ensure active engagement in the learning process. (Robert J. Marzano, *The Art and Science of Teaching*)
7. **Learning Assignment(s):** Learning assignments are those activities that take place independently by the student inside the classroom or outside the classroom (i.e. homework) to extend concepts and skills within a lesson. <http://www.marzano-center.com>
8. **Learning Goal(s):** Learning goals are broad statements that note what students "should know" and/or "be able to do" as they progress through a unit. Learning goals correlate specifically to the New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJ SLS) are noted within each unit. <http://www.marzano-center.com>
9. **Learning Objective(s):** Learning objectives are more specific skills and concepts that students must achieve as they progress towards the broader learning goal. These are included within each unit and are assessed frequently by the teacher to ensure students are progressing appropriately. <http://www.marzanoresearch.com>
10. **Model Assessment:** Within the model curriculum, model assessments are provided that included assessments that allow for measuring student proficiency of those target skills as the year of instruction progresses. <http://www.state.nj.us/education/modelcurriculum/>
11. **Model Curriculum:** The model curriculum has been provided by the state of New Jersey to provide a "model" for which districts can properly implement the New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJ SLS) by providing an example from which to work and/or a product for implementation. <http://www.state.nj.us/education/modelcurriculum/>
12. **Modification(s):** The term "modification" may be used to describe a *change* in the curriculum. Modifications are typically made for students with disabilities who are unable to comprehend all of the content an instructor is teaching. The term modification is often used interchangeable with the term accommodations. However, it is important to remember that modifications change or modify the intended learning goal while accommodations result in the same learning goal being expected but with assistance in that achievement.
13. **Performance Assessment(s):** (aka alternative or authentic assessments) Performance assessments are a form of assessment that requires students to perform tasks that generate a more authentic evaluation of a student's knowledge, skills, and abilities. Performance assessments stress the application of knowledge and extend beyond traditional assessments (i.e. multiple-choice question, matching, true

& false, etc.).

14. **Standard(s):** Academic standards, from which the curriculum is built, are statements that of what students “should know” or “be able to do” upon completion of a grade-level or course of study. Educational standards help teachers ensure their students have the skills and knowledge they need to be successful by providing clear goals for student learning. <http://www.state.nj.us/njded/cccs/>
 - **State:** The New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJSLS) include Preschool Teaching and Learning Standards as well as K-12 standards for: *Visual and Performing Arts; Comprehensive Health and Physical Education; Science; Social Studies; World Languages; Technology; and 21st-Century Life and Careers.*
15. **Summative Assessment(s):** Summative assessments evaluate student learning at the end of an instructional time period by comparing it against some standard or benchmark. Information from summative assessments can be used formatively when students or faculty use it to guide their efforts and activities in subsequent courses.
16. **21st Century Skill(s):** These skills emphasis the growing need to focus on those skills that prepare students successfully by focusing on core subjects and 21st century themes; learning and innovation skills; information, media and technology skills; and life and career skills. These concepts are embedded in each unit of the curriculum. <http://www.p21.org/our-work/p21-framework>

Proficiencies and Pacing Guide:

Course Title:

Unit Title:	Duration/ Month(s)	Related Standards:	Learning Goals:	Topics and Skills:
Unit 1: Library Orientation			•	
Unit 2:				
Unit 3:				
Unit 4:				

Unit: 1 and [Title]	Recommended Duration: [Weeks– Months]
Unit Description:	

Essential Questions:	Enduring Understandings:

Relevant Standards:	Learning Goals:	Learning Objectives:

Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments:	Performance Assessments:	Major Activities/ Assignments required):

Possible Assessment Adjustments (Modifications /Accommodations/ Differentiation): <i>How will the teacher provide multiple means for the following student groups to EXPRESS their understanding and comprehension of the content/skills taught?</i>			
Special Education Students	English Language Learners (ELLs)	At-Risk Learners	Advanced Learners

Instructional Strategies: <i>(List and describe.)</i>

Possible Instructional Adjustments (Modifications /Accommodations/ Differentiation): <i>How will the teacher provide multiple means for the following student groups to ACCESS the content/skills being taught?</i>
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Special Education Students	English Language Learners (ELLs)	At-Risk Learners	Advanced Learners

Unit Vocabulary:
Essential:
Non-Essential:

Interdisciplinary Connections & Career Ready Practices (Note Applicable Standards):	Integration of Technology: (Note the SAMR Model elements used and how.)	21 st Century Themes: (Check and explain how the connection is made.)	21 st Century Skills: (Check and explain how the connection is made.)
E/LA:		___ Global Awareness	___ Creativity & Innovation
Mathematics:		___ Civic Literacy	___ Media Literacy
Science:		___ Financial, Economic, Business, Entrepreneurial Literacy	___ Critical Thinking & Problem Solving
Visual and Performing Arts:		___ Health Literacy	___ Life and Career Skills (<i>flexibility, initiative, cross-cultural skills, productivity, leadership, etc.</i>)
Health/PE:			___ Information & Communication Technologies Literacy
World Languages:			___ Communication & Collaboration
Social Studies:			___ Information Literacy
Technology:			
Career Ready Practices:			
Library:			

Resources:
Texts/Materials:

Unit: 2 and [Title]	Recommended Duration: [Weeks– Months]
Unit Description:	

Essential Questions:	Enduring Understandings:

Relevant Standards:	Learning Goals:	Learning Objectives:

Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments:	Performance Assessments:	Major Activities/ Assignments required):

Possible Assessment Adjustments (Modifications /Accommodations/ Differentiation): <i>How will the teacher provide multiple means for the following student groups to EXPRESS their understanding and comprehension of the content/skills taught?</i>			
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Special Education Students	English Language Learners (ELLs)	At-Risk Learners	Advanced Learners

Unit Vocabulary:
Essential:
Non-Essential:

Interdisciplinary Connections & Career Ready Practices (Note Applicable Standards):	Integration of Technology: (Note the SAMR Model elements used and how.)	21st Century Themes: (Check and explain how the connection is made.)	21st Century Skills: (Check and explain how the connection is made.)
E/LA: Mathematics: Science: Visual and Performing Arts: Health/PE: World Languages: Social Studies: Technology:		<input type="checkbox"/> Global Awareness <input type="checkbox"/> Civic Literacy <input type="checkbox"/> Financial, Economic, Business, Entrepreneurial Literacy <input type="checkbox"/> Health Literacy	<input type="checkbox"/> Creativity & Innovation <input type="checkbox"/> Media Literacy <input type="checkbox"/> Critical Thinking & Problem Solving <input type="checkbox"/> Life and Career Skills (<i>flexibility, initiative, cross-cultural skills, productivity, leadership, etc.</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Information & Communication Technologies Literacy

Interdisciplinary Connections & Career Ready Practices (Note Applicable Standards):	Integration of Technology: (Note the SAMR Model elements used and how.)	21st Century Themes: (Check and explain how the connection is made.)	21st Century Skills: (Check and explain how the connection is made.)
Career Ready Practices: Library:			____ Communication & Collaboration ____ Information Literacy

Resources:
Texts/Materials:

Unit: 3 and [Title]	Recommended Duration: [Weeks– Months]
Unit Description:	

Essential Questions:	Enduring Understandings:

Relevant Standards:	Learning Goals:	Learning Objectives:

Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments:	Performance Assessments:	Major Activities/ Assignments required):

Possible Assessment Adjustments (Modifications /Accommodations/ Differentiation): How will the teacher provide multiple means for the following student groups to EXPRESS their understanding and comprehension of the content/skills taught?			
Special Education Students	English Language Learners (ELLs)	At-Risk Learners	Advanced Learners

Instructional Strategies: (List and describe.)

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Possible Instructional Adjustments (Modifications /Accommodations/ Differentiation): How will the teacher provide multiple means for the following student groups to **ACCESS** the content/skills being taught?

Special Education Students	English Language Learners (ELLs)	At-Risk Learners	Advanced Learners

Unit Vocabulary:
Essential:
Non-Essential:

Interdisciplinary Connections & Career Ready Practices (Note Applicable Standards):	Integration of Technology: (Note the SAMR Model elements used and how.)	21st Century Themes: (Check and explain how the connection is made.)	21st Century Skills: (Check and explain how the connection is made.)
E/LA:		___ Global Awareness	___ Creativity & Innovation
Mathematics:		___ Civic Literacy	___ Media Literacy
Science:		___ Financial, Economic, Business, Entrepreneurial Literacy	___ Critical Thinking & Problem

Interdisciplinary Connections & Career Ready Practices (Note Applicable Standards):	Integration of Technology: <i>(Note the SAMR Model elements used and how.)</i>	21st Century Themes: <i>(Check and explain how the connection is made.)</i>	21st Century Skills: <i>(Check and explain how the connection is made.)</i>
Visual and Performing Arts: Health/PE: World Languages: Social Studies: Technology: Career Ready Practices: Library:		<input type="checkbox"/> Health Literacy	<input type="checkbox"/> Solving <input type="checkbox"/> Life and Career Skills <i>(flexibility, initiative, cross-cultural skills, productivity, leadership, etc.)</i> <input type="checkbox"/> Information & Communication Technologies Literacy <input type="checkbox"/> Communication & Collaboration <input type="checkbox"/> Information Literacy

Resources:
Texts/Materials:

First Grade Library/Media Standards	
Trimester	American Association of School Librarians (AASL) Standard Common Core State Standards; English Language Arts (NJ SLS.ELA)
Trimester 1	AASL Standard 1, AASL Standard 2, AASL Standard 3, AASL Standard 4 NJ SLS RL.1.1, NJ SLS.RL.1.2, NJ SLS.RL.1.4, NJ SLS.ELA.RI.1.5
Trimester 2	AASL Standard 1, AASL Standard 2, AASL Standard 3, AASL Standard 4 NJ SLS RL.1.3, NJ SLSRI.1.7, NJ SLS RL.1.5, NJ SLSRI.1.3 NJ SLS. RF.1.4.a,
Trimester 3	AASL Standard 1, AASL Standard 2, AASL Standard 3, AASL Standard 4 NJ SLS RL.1.10, NJ SLS.W.1.2, NJ SLSW.1.7

Trimester I

American Association of School Librarian Standards (AASL)

AASL.1 Learners use skills, resources, and tools to inquire, think critically, and gain knowledge.

I. Library Infrastructure

- Function of the school library
- Awareness of school library rules and procedures
- Familiarity with school library layout and organization
- Awareness of various types of materials in the school library.

AASL.2: Learners use skills, resources and tools to draw conclusions, make informed decisions, apply knowledge to new situations, and create new knowledge.

II. Literature

- Literature and library resources
- Read Alouds, Book Talks, Book Discussions
- Identify parts and types of books
- Develop competencies and self-motivation as a beginning reader
- Develop main idea and sequence of a story
- Recognize award winning books

AASL 3: Learners use skills, resources and tools to share knowledge and participate ethically and productively as members of our democratic society.

III. Ethics

- Ethical behaviors with regards to library space and materials.
- Demonstrates appropriate behavior and care of school library resources.

AASL 4: Learners use skills, resources, and tools to pursue personal and aesthetic growth.

IV. Technology

- Introduce/review parts of the computer
- Introduce/review computer lab procedures and terminology
- Use technology terminology (start up, Login, mouse, keyboard, click, double click, etc.)
- Introduction to developmentally appropriate software programs/web sites (e.g. Raz-Kids, Starfall)
- Introduction to online card catalog system.

Common Core State Standards: English Language Arts (NJ SLS.ELA)

NJ SLS RL.1.1: Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.

NJ SLS RL.1.2: Retell stories, including key details, and demonstrate understanding of their central message or lesson.

NJ SLS RL.1.4 Confirm understanding of text read aloud or presented orally by asking and answering questions about key details.

NJ SLSRI.5 Know and use various text features (e.g., headings, tables of contents, glossaries, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text.

Trimester II

AASL.1 Learners use skills, resources, and tools to inquire, think critically, and gain knowledge.

I. Library Infrastructure

- Function of the school library
- Awareness of school library rules and procedures
- Familiarity with school library layout and organization
- Awareness of various types of materials in the school library.

AASL.2: Learners use skills, resources and tools to draw conclusions, make informed decisions, apply knowledge to new situations, and create new knowledge.

II. Literature

- Literature ad library resources
- Read Alouds, Book Talks. Book Discussions
- Identify parts and types of books
- Develop competencies and self-motivation as a beginning reader
- Develop main idea and sequence of a story
- Recognize award winning books

AASL 3: Learners use skills, resources and tools to share knowledge and participate ethically and productively as members of our democratic society.

III. Ethics

- Ethical behaviors with regards to library space and materials.
- Demonstrates appropriate behavior and care of school library resources.
- Ethical use of information from various resources

AASL 4: Learners use skills, resources, and tools to pursue personal and aesthetic growth.

IV. Technology

- Application of basic computer operations (i.e. startup, shut down)
- Application of basic keyboarding skills
- Application of basic website navigation skills
- Application of online card catalog organization system

V. Research

- Sources of information
- Develop a search strategy
- Listen to oral readers and guest speakers
- Organize information into sentences or illustrations

Common Core State Standards: English Language Arts (NJ SLS.ELA)

NJ SLS RL.1.3: Describe characters, settings, and major events in a story, using key details.

NJ SLS RL.1.5: Explain major differences between books that tell stories and books that give information, drawing on a wide reading of a range of text types.

NJ SLSRI.1.7: Use the illustrations and details in a text to describe its key ideas.

NJ SLS RL.1.5: Explain major differences between books that tell stories and books that give information, drawing on a wide reading of a range of text types.

NJ SLSRI.1.3: Describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text.

NJ SLS RF.1.4.a: Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.

Trimester III

AASL.1 Learners use skills, resources, and tools to inquire, think critically, and gain knowledge.

I. Library Infrastructure

- Function of the school library
- Awareness of school library rules and procedures
- Familiarity with school library layout and organization
- Awareness of various types of materials in the school library.

AASL.2: Learners use skills, resources and tools to draw conclusions, make informed decisions, apply knowledge to new situations, and create new knowledge.

II. Literature

- Explore literature ad library resources
- Read Alouds, Book Talks. Book Discussions
- Identify parts and types of books
- Develop competencies and self motivation as a beginning reader
- Develop main idea and sequence of a story
- Recognize award winning books

AASL 3: Learners use skills, resources and tools to share knowledge and participate ethically and productively as members of our democratic society.

III. Ethics

- Ethical behaviors with regards to library space and materials.
- Demonstrates appropriate behavior and care of school library resources.
- Ethical use of information from various resources

AASL 4: Learners use skills, resources, and tools to pursue personal and aesthetic growth.

IV. Technology

- Application of basic computer operations (i.e. startup, shut down)
- Application of basic keyboarding skills
- Application of basic website navigation skills
- Application of online card catalog organization system

V. Research

- Sources of information
- Develop a search strategy
- Listen to oral readers and guest speakers
- Organize information into sentences or illustrations
- Cite materials used for information gathering

Common Core State Standards: English Language Arts (NJ SLS.ELA)

NJ SLS RL.1.10: With prompting and support, read prose and poetry of appropriate complexity for grade 1.

NJ SLS W.1.2: Write informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure.

NJ SLS W.1.7: Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g. explore a number of “how-to” books on a given topic and use them to write a sequence of events).

Trimester I Library/Media		
<p>ESTABLISHED GOALS: American Association of School Librarian Standards:</p> <p>AASL Standard 1 AASL Standard 2 AASL Standard 3 AASL Standard 4</p> <p>Common Core State Standards for English/Language Arts: NJ SLS RL.1.1 NJ SLS RL.1.2 NJ SLS RL.1.4 NJ SLS RI.1.5</p>	Desired Results	
	<i>Students will be able to independently use their learning (rules, procedures, layout & organization) to find resources in the school library.</i>	
	ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Using the “5 Finger Rule” can help to determine whether a book is a “Just Right Book” Good listeners exhibit appropriate listening behaviors (eye contact, posture and respectful attention). Good listeners respond appropriately during the story 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> What is the importance of the Library/Media Center? What is the first step in deciding upon a book? How does understanding the parts of a book help me?
	Learning Goals & Objectives	
Student will understand...	Students will be able to...	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Using the “5 Finger Rule” can help to determine whether a book is a “Just Right Book” Good listeners exhibit appropriate listening behaviors (eye contact, posture and attention). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use the 5 finger rule Identify the main parts of a book. Identifying the works of an author/illustrator. Employ the techniques of a good listener. 	

Pacing Guide		
Standards	Learning Goals	Learning Objectives <i>Students will know or be able to...</i>

<p>AASL 1</p> <p>Learners use skills, resources, and tools to inquire, think critically, and gain knowledge.</p>	<p>SLO 1:</p> <p>AASL 1.4.4 Seek appropriate help when needed.</p> <hr/> <p>AASL 1.1.2 Use prior and background knowledge as context for new learning.</p> <hr/> <p>AASL 1.1.6 Read, view and listen for information presented in any format (e.g. textual, visual, media, digital) in order to make inferences and gather meaning.</p> <p>NJ SLS ELA.RL.1.4 Confirm understanding of text read aloud or presented orally by asking and answering questions about key details.</p> <hr/> <p>AASL.1.1.6 Read, view, and listen for information presented in any format (e.g., textual, visual, media, digital) in order to make inferences and gather meaning.</p> <p>CC ELA RI.1.5 Know and use various text features (e.g., headings, tables of contents, glossaries, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text.</p>	<p>SKILLS:</p> <p>Students will be able to recognize and utilize the School Library Media Specialist (SLMS) as a teacher and resource person.</p> <hr/> <p>Students will be able to recall that the library is organized into different sections and identify their locations within the library.</p> <p>Students will be able to independently, select grade-level-appropriate literature in a variety of genres.</p> <hr/> <p>Students will be able to listen to a story read aloud.</p> <p>Students will be able to ask and answer questions about key details in stories read aloud.</p> <hr/> <p>Students will be able to recall the parts of a book (front and back cover, title page, and spine) and identify table of contents and illustration.</p>
<p>AASL 2:</p> <p>Learners use skills, resources and tools to draw</p>	<p>SLO 2:</p> <p>AASL.2.1.2 Organize knowledge so that it is</p>	<p>SKILLS</p> <p>Students will be able to demonstrate</p>

<p>conclusions, make informed decisions, apply knowledge to new situations, and create new knowledge.</p> <p>AASL 4 Learners use skills, resources, and tools to pursue personal and aesthetic growth.</p> <p>NJ SLS1.RL.1.1 Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.</p> <p>NJ SLS1.RL.1.2 Retell stories, including key details, and demonstrate understanding of their central message or lesson.</p>	<p>useful.</p> <p>SLO 4: AASL.4.1.5: Connect ideas to own interests and previous knowledge and experience.</p> <p>NJ SLS .RL.1.1 Students will be able to answer questions other people ask them about they read. Students will be able to ask others questions about what they read.</p> <p>NJ SLS RL.1.2 Students will be able to tell the teacher and other student’s stories they know, remembering the important details and the main idea of each story.</p>	<p>knowledge of the rules and procedures of the library.</p> <p>SKILLS With guidance, students will be able to find and read books that match interests and comprehension levels.</p> <p>NJ SLS RL.1.1 Students will be able to ask questions posed about key details in a text for clarification using an array of familiar words.</p> <p>NJ SLS RL.1.2 Students will be able to retell stories, including key details learned from text into logical order.</p>
Resources		
SMART Board; OPAC (Destiny); Shelf markers; Videos; Variety of related books; Teacher created materials		
Instructional Methods		

Learning Activities (Refer to Marzano Framework (DQ 2-4; DQ5))		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Modeling, KWL, academic games, • Shared Reading to develop reading skills • Dramatize stories • Read Aloud • Model think aloud comprehension strategies Suggested Modifications & Accommodations:	
21st Century Skills			
Interdisciplinary Connections	Integration of Technology	21st Century Themes	21st Century Skills
Interdisciplinary Connections (Applicable Standards): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Technology • Career ready practices • Financial literacy • Subject specific interdisciplinary • Career exploration 	Integration of Technology: See Suggested Resources	21st Century Themes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Global Awareness • Health Literacy • Civic Literacy • Financial, Economic, Business, & Entrepreneurial Literacy • Health Literacy 	21st Century Skills: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Creativity & Innovation • Media Literacy • *Information & Communication • Technologies Literacy • Communication & Collaboration
Assessments			
Assessment Types		NOTE: If a teacher, or grade level team, chooses to develop his/her own assessments using the model curriculum, <i>it must be of equal or better quality and at the same or higher cognitive levels as determined by the district.</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Depending upon individual student needs and/or the developmental level of the grade/class, alternative assessments may be given to assess student growth. These may include, but are not limited to items such as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ one to one conferencing and anecdotal notes 	

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Whole class and small group discussions ○ Rubrics ● Learning assignments that measure individual student progress on a learning goal are to be used throughout a unit when appropriate to extend and assess student learning. ● A variety of formative, summative, and performance-based (or alternative) assessments are to be used throughout each unit to assess student knowledge and student growth as well as increase and student achievement. <p>Project Based Performance Assessment <u>..\Library rubrics\Library Rubric SBRC Grade 1.docx</u></p>				
Assessment Modules	<p>NOTE: The assessment models provided in this document, unless otherwise indicated, are locally developed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Teacher observation during practice activities and in class discussions ● Project based rubric assessing skills and knowledge ● Benchmark Assessment 1 (Sample) 				
	Tasks Proficiency description	1 Not meeting grade level expectations	2 Approaching grade level expectations	3 Meeting grade level expectations	E Exceeding grade level expectations
	Student demonstrates proper library procedures	Student has not demonstrated proper library procedures	With support will demonstrate some of the proper library procedures	Consistently demonstrates all proper library procedures	Independently demonstrates and applies all proper library procedures
	Student demonstrates familiarity with the layout of the school library	Student has not demonstrated any familiarity with the layout of the school library	With support will demonstrate some familiarity with the layout of the school library	Consistently demonstrates a familiarity with the layout of the school library	Independently demonstrates familiarity with the layout of the school library
Student	Student has	With support	Consistently	Independently	

	demonstrates awareness of the variety of resources available in the school library	not demonstrated an awareness of the variety of resources available in the school library	will demonstrate some awareness of the variety of resources available in the school library	demonstrates an awareness of the variety of resources available in the school library	demonstrates awareness and uses the variety of resources available in the school library
	Student demonstrates awareness of the manner in which the school library is organized	Student has not demonstrated any awareness of the manner in which the school library is organized	With support will demonstrate some awareness of the manner in which the school library is organized	Consistently demonstrates an awareness of the manner in which the school library is organized	Independently demonstrates and uses awareness of the manner in which the school library is organized

Possible Assessment Modifications /Accommodations/Differentiation:			
Special Education <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Modify assignments as needed (e.g., vary length, limit items) • Shorten assignments 	English Language Learners	At-Risk Learners	Advanced Learners

Possible Assessment Modifications /Accommodations/Differentiation:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increase the amount of item allowed to complete assignments and tests • Limit amount of work required or length of tests • Hands-on-projects 			

Possible Instructional Modifications /Accommodations:			
Special Education <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Read class materials orally • Provide small group instruction • Provide study outlines/guides • Prior notice of tests Test study guide	English Language Learners	At-Risk Learners	Advanced Learners

Suggested Resources

- School Library/Media center
- Library computers
- Common Core State Standards for English Language Arts

Literacy

Suggested Literature:

Children Book award winners: e.g. Caldecott, Newberry, ALA book award winners.

Links:

- <http://www.Raz-Kids.com>: Online guided reading program with interactive e-books, downloadable books and reading quizzes.
- <http://www.StarFall.com> Free site to teach the basics of reading. Features interactive books and phonics games.
- <http://www.readingrockets.org>
- en.childrenslibrary.org: International digital library with free access to high-quality digital books from around the world
- [ABC's of Using the Internet in Grades PreK-3](#): An alphabetical list of 40 Internet starting points to use with younger elementary students.
- [ABC's and the WWW](#) from Scholastic provides links to many online interactive alphabet games for K-2 students.
- [Animal Myths and Legends](#), an interesting compilation of stories revolving around this theme
- [Between the Lions](#): a wonderful companion website to the PBS television program backed with lots of research about good literacy instruction; see [sitemap](#) for this week's activities
- [Billy Bear's Playground](#) includes many, many fun activities for beginning readers and writers.
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- [Primary Games in Reading](#) as well as Math, Social Studies, Science and Writing

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**Trimester II
Library/Media**

ESTABLISHED GOALS:	Desired Results	
<p>American Association of School Librarians Standards:</p> <p>AASL Standard 1 AASL Standard 2 AASL Standard 3 AASL Standard 4</p> <p>Common Core State Standards for English/Language Arts: NJ SLS RL.1.3 NJ SLSRI.1.7 NJ SLS RL.1.5 NJ SLSRI.1.3 NJ SLS RF.1.4.a</p>	<i>Students will be able to independently use their learning to find books located in different sections of the library.</i>	
	ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand concepts of fiction and nonfiction. • Students will understand and be able to use a search engine. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What are the Library/Media Center rules? • When may I/may I not borrow a book? • How do I check out my library book? • What is a call number? • What/ Where are the main sections of the school library? • How are materials within these sections organized?
	Learning Goals & Objectives	
	Student will understand...	Students will be able to...
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Always use a shelf marker card while choosing a library book. • Renew a book by bringing it back to the library and letting the librarian know that you would like to renew it. • If your book is overdue, you may not be able to borrow a new book. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Listen attentively to and actively participation in story time activities • Locate materials to checkout of the library • Return library materials in a timely fashion 	

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wait until your table is called to find a book. • There are a variety of resources available in the library (books, magazines, audio books, etc.) • Bring your shelf marker to the shelf and always use it while looking for a book to borrow. • Bring the book you have selected to the circulation desk for checkout with the online library management system (i.e., Destiny). • A call number is the address for a library book. • The main sections of the school library are Picture Books, Chapter Books, and Non Fiction. Each section has its own organization system. • Nonfiction books are arranged numerically according to the Dewey Decimal System. • Fiction books are arranged alphabetically by author's last name. 	
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Pacing Guide		
Standards	Learning Goals	Learning Objectives <i>Students will know or be able to...</i>

<p>AASL 1</p> <p>Learners use skills, resources, and tools to inquire, think critically, and gain knowledge.</p>	<p>SLO 1</p> <p>AASL 1.1.6 Read, view and listen for information presented in any format (e.g. textual, visual, media, digital) in order to make inferences and gather meaning.</p> <p>CC.ELA.RI.1.7 Use the illustrations and details in a text to describe its key ideas.</p> <hr/> <p>AASL 1.1.6 Read, view and listen for information presented in any format (e.g. textual, visual, media, digital) in order to make inferences and gather meaning.</p> <p>CC.ELA.RI.1.3 Describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text.</p> <p>SLO:</p> <p>AASL 1.1.6 Read, view, and listen for information presented in any format (e.g., textual, visual, media, digital) in order to make inferences and gather meaning.</p> <p>CC. ELA.RF.1.4.a Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.</p>	<p>SKILLS:</p> <p>Students will be able to identify characters, setting and events that occur in a story.</p> <p>Students will be able to use illustrations and details in a text to describe main ideas.</p> <hr/> <p>Students will be able to identify similarities and differences among characters from different stories.</p> <p>SKILLS</p> <p>Students will be able to listen to informational text as it is read aloud.</p> <p>With guidance, Students will be able to locate and select literary non-fiction on grade level.</p>
<p>AASL 2:</p> <p>Learners use skills, resources and tools to draw conclusions, make informed decisions, apply knowledge to new situations, and create new knowledge.</p>	<p>SLO:</p> <p>AASL.2.1.2 Organize information so that it is useful</p>	<p>SKILLS</p> <p>Students will be able to recognize that nonfiction is categorized and organized by subject and assigned a number.</p>
<p>AASL 3</p>	<p>SLO:</p>	

<p>3 Learners use skills, resources and tools to share knowledge and participate ethically and productively as members of our democratic society.</p>	<p>AASL 3.1.2 Participate and collaborate as members of a social and intellectual network of learners. AASL3.2.2 Show social responsibility by participating actively with others in learning situations and by contributing questions and ideas during group discussions.</p>	<p>SKILLS Students will be able to participate in group discussions pertaining to informational text.</p>	
<p>AASL 4 Learners use skills, resources, and tools to pursue personal and aesthetic growth.</p>	<p>SLO: AASL 4.3.2 Recognize that resources are created for a variety of purposes. NJ SLS ELA.RL.1.5 Explain major differences between books that tell stories and books that give information, drawing on a wide reading of a range of text types.</p>	<p>SKILLS Students will be able to understand and describe the differences between fiction and nonfiction books.</p>	
Resources			
Resources: SMART Board; OPAC (Destiny); BrainPop Jr., Teacher created materials; Related books (print & digital); Zoobooks			
Instructional Methods			
<p>Learning Activities (Refer to Marzano Framework (DQ 2-4; DQ5))</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Modeling, KWL, academic games, • Shared Reading to develop reading skills • Dramatize stories • Read Aloud • Model think aloud comprehension strategies 		
	Suggested Modifications & Accommodations:		
21st Century Skills			
Interdisciplinary Connections	Integration of Technology	21st Century Themes	21st Century Skills

<p>Interdisciplinary Connections (Applicable Standards):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Technology • Career ready practices • Financial literacy • Subject specific interdisciplinary • Career exploration 	<p>Integration of Technology:</p> <p>See Suggested Resources</p>	<p>21st Century Themes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Global Awareness • Health Literacy • Civic Literacy • Financial, Economic, Business, & Entrepreneurial Literacy • Health Literacy 	<p>21st Century Skills:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Creativity & Innovation • Media Literacy • *Information & Communication • Technologies Literacy • Communication & Collaboration
Assessments			
Assessment Types	<p>NOTE: If a teacher, or grade level team, chooses to develop his/her own assessments using the model curriculum, <i>it must be of equal or better quality and at the same or higher cognitive levels as determined by the district.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Depending upon individual student needs and/or the developmental level of the grade/class, alternative assessments may be given to assess student growth. These may include, but are not limited to items such as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ one to one conferencing and anecdotal notes ○ Whole class and small group discussions ○ Rubrics • Learning assignments that measure individual student progress on a learning goal are to be used throughout a unit when appropriate to extend and assess student learning. • A variety of formative, summative, and performance-based (or alternative) assessments are to be used throughout each unit to assess student knowledge and student growth as well as increase and student achievement. <p>Project Based Performance Assessment ..\Library rubrics\Library Rubric SBRC Grade 1.docx</p>		
Assessment Modules	<p>NOTE: The assessment models provided in this document, unless otherwise indicated, are locally developed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Teacher observation during practice activities and in class discussions 		

- Project based rubric assessing skills and knowledge
- Benchmark assessment 2 (sample)

Task Proficiency Description	1 Not meeting grade level expectations	2 Approaching grade level expectations	3 Meets grade level expectations	E Exceeds grade level expectations
Student demonstrates proper library transitions	Student has not demonstrated proper library transitions	With support demonstrates some behaviors associated with proper library transitions	Consistently demonstrates all behaviors associated with proper library transitions	Independently demonstrates all behaviors associated with proper library transitions
Student is able to demonstrate ways to properly handle library books	Student has not demonstrated any way to properly handle a library book	With support student demonstrates some of the ways to properly handle a library book	Consistently demonstrates how to properly handle a library book	Independently applies knowledge of how to properly handles a library book
Student can list and demonstrate appropriate behaviors when listening to a story read aloud	Student has not demonstrated an awareness of the variety of resources available in the school library	With support demonstrates some awareness of the variety of resources available in the school library	Consistently demonstrates an awareness of the variety of resources available in the school library	Independently demonstrates and uses the variety of resources available in the school library
Student demonstrates how a book should be	Student has not	With support demonstrates some	Consistently demonstrates awareness of	Independently demonstrates awareness of

	removed and returned to the appropriate locations	demonstrated an awareness of the various uses of the school library	awareness of the various uses of the school library	the various uses of the school library	the various uses of the school library
	Student understands how a school library works such as an understanding of the importance of returning books in a timely manner	Student has not demonstrated an awareness of the manner in which the school library is organized	With support will demonstrate some awareness of the manner in which the school library is organized	Consistently demonstrates an awareness of the manner in which the school library is organized	Independently demonstrates and uses their awareness of the school libraries organization

Possible Assessment Modifications /Accommodations/Differentiation:			
Special Education Students	English Language Learners	At-Risk Learners	Advanced Learners
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Modify assignments as needed (e.g., vary length, limit items) • Shorten assignments • Increase the amount of item allowed to complete assignments and tests • Limit amount of work required or length of tests • Hands-on-projects 			

Possible Instructional Modifications /Accommodations:			
Special Education Students	English Language Learners	At-Risk Learners	Advanced Learners
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Read class materials orally • Provide small group instruction • Provide study outlines/guides • Prior notice of tests Test study guide			

Suggested Resources

- School Library/Media center
- Library computers
- Common Core State Standards for English Language Arts

Literacy

Suggested Literature:

Children Book award winners: e.g. Caldecott, Newberry, ALA book award winners.

Links:

- <http://www.Raz-Kids.com>: Online guided reading program with interactive e-books, downloadable books and reading quizzes.
- <http://www.StarFall.com> Free site to teach the basics of reading. Features interactive books and phonics games.
- <http://www.readingrockets.org>
- en.childrenslibrary.org: International digital library with free access to high-quality digital books from around the world
- [ABC's of Using the Internet in Grades PreK-3](#): An alphabetical list of 40 Internet starting points to use with younger elementary students.
- [ABC's and the WWW](#) from Scholastic provides links to many online interactive alphabet games for K-2 students.
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- [Between the Lions](#): a wonderful companion website to the PBS television program backed with lots of research about good literacy instruction; see [sitemap](#) for this week's activities
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- [Dositoy's Language Arts Links](#) has some unique online phonics and alphabet games, word finds and writing opportunities.
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**Trimester III
Library/Media**

<p>ESTABLISHED GOALS:</p> <p>American Association of School Librarian Standards: AASL Standard 1 AASL Standard 2 AASL Standard 3 AASL Standard 4</p> <p>Common Core State Standards for English/Language Arts: NJ SLS RL.1.10 NJ SLSCC.1.W.2 NJ SLSCC.1.W.7</p>	Desired Results	
	<i>Students will be able to independently use their learning to develop competencies and self-motivation as a beginning reader.</i>	
	ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Using the “5 Finger Rule” can help to determine whether a book is a “Just Right Book” • Good listeners exhibit appropriate listening behaviors (eye contact, posture and respectful attention). • Good listeners respond appropriately during the story. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What is comprehension? • What is the first step in deciding upon a book? • How does understanding the parts of a book help me?
	Learning Goals & Objectives	
	Student will understand...	Students will be able to...
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • That authors and illustrators are real people who were once school children just like they are now. • That there are different kinds of stories, or <i>genres</i>, to choose from. • That the more they read the more skilled they will be at reading. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Employing the “5 Finger Rule” Identifying the main parts of a book. Identifying the works of an author/illustrator. • Employing the techniques of a good listener. 	

Pacing Guide

Standards	Learning Goals	Learning Objectives
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		<i>Students will know or be able to...</i>
<p>AASL 3 Learners use skills, resources and tools to share knowledge and participate ethically and productively as members of our democratic society.</p>	<p>SLO : AASL.3.1.1 Conclude an inquiry-based research process by sharing new understandings and reflecting on the learning.</p> <p>CC.1.W.7 Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g. explore a number of “how-to” books on a given topic and use them to write a sequence of events.</p>	<p>SKILLS With guidance, students will be able to select a topic to research.</p> <p>With guidance, students will be able to participate in individual or shared research to locate information about a topic.</p>
<p>AASL 2 Learners use skills, resources and tools to draw conclusions, make informed decisions, apply knowledge to new situations, and create new knowledge.</p>	<p>SLO : AASL 2.1.6 Use the writing process, media and visual literacy, and technology skills to create products that express new understandings.</p> <p>CC.1.W.2 Write informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure.</p>	<p>SKILLS: Students will be able to create a written or visual presentation to communicate gathered information.</p>
<p>NJ SLS RL.1.10 With prompting and support, read prose and poetry of appropriate complexity for grade</p>	<p>NJ SLS RL.1.10 Students will be able to explain which parts of a text they understand and which parts they don’t.</p> <p>Students will be able to locate parts of a text that are difficult for them.</p> <p>Students will be able to think about questions they have about a text and ask for help in order to</p>	<p>NJ SLS RL.1.10 With prompting and support, read prose and poetry of grade-level complexity.</p>

	understand parts of a text that are too difficult for me.		
Resources			
Resources: World Book Online (Early Learning); selected nonfiction books; iPads;			
Instructional Methods			
Learning Activities (Refer to Marzano Framework (DQ 2-4; DQ5))	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Modeling, KWL, academic games, • Shared Reading to develop reading skills • Dramatize stories • Read Aloud • Model think aloud comprehension strategies 		
	Suggested Modifications & Accommodations:		
21st Century Skills			
Interdisciplinary Connections	Integration of Technology	21st Century Themes	21st Century Skills
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Assessments			
Assessment Types	NOTE: If a teacher, or grade level team, chooses to develop his/her own assessments using the model curriculum, <i>it must be of equal or better quality and at the same or higher cognitive levels as determined by the district.</i>		

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Depending upon individual student needs and/or the developmental level of the grade/class, alternative assessments may be given to assess student growth. These may include, but are not limited to items such as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ one to one conferencing and anecdotal notes ○ Whole class and small group discussions ○ Rubrics • Learning assignments that measure individual student progress on a learning goal are to be used throughout a unit when appropriate to extend and assess student learning. • A variety of formative, summative, and performance-based (or alternative) assessments are to be used throughout each unit to assess student knowledge and student growth as well as increase and student achievement. <p>Project Based Performance Assessment ..\Library rubrics\Library Rubric SBRC Grade 1.docx</p>															
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		a book	of a book		parts of a book
	Student can list and describe the characteristics of different genres of writing	Student has not shown the ability to list and describe the characteristics of different genres of writing	With support will list and describe the characteristics of different genres of writing	Consistently lists and describes the characteristics of different genres of writing	Independently demonstrates and uses knowledge associated with different genres of writing
	Student can identify and describe different types of award winning books	Student has not shown the ability to identify and describe different types of award winning books	With support will identify and describe different types of award winning books	Consistently identifies and describes different types of award winning books	Independently uses information about the different types of award winning books
	Student can choose a “just right” book for their reading level	Student has not shown an awareness of the manner in which the school library is organized	With support will demonstrate some awareness of the manner in which the school library is organized	Consistently demonstrates an awareness of the manner in which the school library is organized	Independently demonstrates and uses their awareness of the school libraries organization
	Student can identify the works of a particular author/illustrator	Student has not shown the ability to identify the works of a particular author/illustrator	With support can identify the works of a particular author/illustrator	Consistently identifies the works of a particular author/illustrator	Independently demonstrates and uses an awareness of the works of a particular author/illustrator
	Student understands the importance of self-motivated	Student has not shown an understanding of the importance	With support shows an understanding of the importance	Consistently shows an understanding of the importance	Independently demonstrates the importance of self-motivated

	reading.	of self-motivated reading.	of self-motivated reading.	of self-motivated reading.	reading.

Possible Assessment Modifications /Accommodations/Differentiation:

Special Education Students	English Language Learners	At-Risk Learners	Advanced Learners
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Modify assignments as needed (e.g., vary length, limit items) • Shorten assignments • Increase the amount of item allowed to complete assignments and tests • Limit amount of work required or length of tests • Hands-on-projects 			

Possible Instructional Modifications /Accommodations:

Special Education Students	English Language Learners	At-Risk Learners	Advanced Learners
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Read class materials orally • Provide small group instruction • Provide study outlines/guides 			

Possible Instructional Modifications /Accommodations:

- Prior notice of tests
Test study guide

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Suggested Resources

- School Library/Media center
- Library computers
- Common Core State Standards for English Language Arts

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Suggested Literature:

Children Book award winners: e.g. Caldecott, Newberry, ALA book award winners.

Links:

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- <http://www.readingrockets.org>
- en.childrenslibrary.org: International digital library with free access to high-quality digital books from around the world
- [ABC's of Using the Internet in Grades PreK-3](#): An alphabetical list of 40 Internet starting points to use with younger elementary students.
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